



PC GOLD

PC Gold Ltd

ABN 91 609 609 047

Annual Report - 30 June 2025

PC Gold Ltd
Corporate directory
30 June 2025

Directors	Mr Ashley Pattison Mr Robert Jewson Mr Kevin Puil Mr John Menzies
Company Secretary	Mr Wei Li
Registered Office	Unit 38, Level 1 460 Stirling Highway Peppermint Grove WA 6011
Auditor	William Buck Level 20, 181 William Street Melbourne VIC 3000
Solicitors	Hamilton Locke Level 39/152-158 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000
Bankers	Westpac Banking Corporation 275 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000
Website	www.pcgold.com.au

PC Gold Ltd
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30 June 2025

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PC Gold Ltd
Director's report
30 June 2025

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity' or 'group') consisting of PC Gold Ltd (referred to hereafter as the 'Company' or 'parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2025.

Directors

The following persons were directors of PC Gold Ltd during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

- Mr Ashley Pattison - Executive Chairman
- Mr Robert Jewson - Non-executive Director
- Mr Kevin Puil - Non-executive Director
- Mr John Menzies - Non-executive Director

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of the consolidated entity is the exploration and development of the 100% owned Spring Hill Gold Project.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current or previous financial year.

Review of operations

The loss for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax amounted to \$936,284 (2024: \$594,357).

The net assets of the consolidated entity increased by \$2,481,348 to \$9,910,818 (2024: \$7,429,470).

The consolidated entity's current deficit, being current assets less current liabilities was \$6,627,508 at 30 June 2025 (2024: deficit of \$3,198,806). During the year the consolidated entity had a negative cash flow from operating activities of \$212,495 and cash outflow of \$599,105 from exploration and evaluation activities.

During the financial year, operating expenses increased following a rise in activity. Administrative and corporate expenses were \$382,762 (2024: \$142,968).

Spring Hill Gold Project

Spring Hill Gold Project is located in the Pine Creek region of Northern Territory of Australia. It is located about 220km south of Darwin. The project consists of two leases (ML23812 and EL33234). The location is served by all-weather access and is in close proximity to the sealed arterial Stuart Highway, north-south rail, gas pipeline and trunk power lines.

The project reported an updated JORC 2012 resource of 25.6Mt at 1.0g/t gold for 821Koz based on a 0.5g/t gold cut-off on 30 June 2024. The exploration target for the project has also been revised upwards and is now between 1M to 2Moz oz which directly underlies the current resource and also includes historical exploration areas up to 4km along strike immediately north of the current resource.

During the financial year, the company:

1. Bolstered its senior management team with the appointment of Mr Sean Church as COO and Mr Peter Harris as GM Exploration
2. Commenced a 34,000m drill program that is focusing on:
 - a. the potential scale of the Spring Hill gold project through validating the project's exploration targets; and
 - b. a resource definition program seeking to convert existing inferred resources into indicated resources for inclusion in a feasibility study to be commenced post the IPO.
3. Continued working on a development pathway to evaluate the economics and risks associated with commencing mining at Spring Hill under the Company's current permitting.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 31 March 2025, the Company converted \$1,125,353.70 of unsecured, interest free loans from directors into 1,250,393 new fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.90 per share.

In April 2025, the Company commenced preparations for an IPO. As part of this process, it successfully completed a pre-IPO funding round by 6 May 2025, raising \$2,505,499 through the issue of 2,277,726 shares at an issue price of \$1.10 per share.

At the Company's annual general meeting held on 6 June 2025, shareholders approved a share split (the Share Split) on the basis that every one (1) share on issue be subdivided into five and a half (5.5) shares, and that the Convertible Notes on issue be adjusted in the same ratio. As a result of the Share Split, the total number of shares on issue increased from 33,931,224 to 186,621,750.

All convertible note holders have agreed to extend the maturity date of their outstanding notes to the earlier of the IPO date or 31 December 2025. These notes automatically convert on admission of the Company's shares to the ASX.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

The Company signed a Settlement of Deferred Consideration agreement with RIVI PC Gold LLC dated 30 July 2025, under which RIVI has agreed to convert its US\$3,000,000 (A\$4,600,000) debt into 18,400,000 shares as part of the Company's IPO. This conversion will constitute full and final satisfaction of the RIVI Deferred Consideration and see the Company debt free.

In April 2025, the Company commenced preparations for an IPO. The Company has lodged a prospectus dated 13 August 2025 and a supplementary prospectus dated 10 September 2025 with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) in relation to the offering of:

- a minimum of 40,000,000 Shares and a maximum of 60,000,000 Shares at a price of \$0.25 per Share to raise a minimum of \$10,000,000 (before costs) and a maximum of \$15,000,000 (before costs);
- 13,909,210 Shares to the Noteholders on the conversion of the Convertible Notes;
- 18,400,000 Shares to RIVI PC Gold LLC (or its nominee); and
- 7,000,000 Performance Rights to Eligible Employees.

The IPO has been successfully completed though the raising of \$13.35M in new proceeds. The Company submitted an application for admission to the ASX Official List under the ASX code PC2 on 15 August 2025, with the shares expected to commence trading on 7 October 2025, subject to ASX approval and the satisfaction of all conditions precedent.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The likely developments in the consolidated entity's operations in future years and the expected result from those operations are dependent on exploration and development success in the various exploration areas in which the consolidated entity currently holds an interest. The ability of the consolidated entity to fund the ongoing operations also remains a key dependency.

Environmental regulation

The consolidated entity holds participating interests in exploration and mining tenements. The various authorities granting such tenements require the tenement holder to comply with the terms of the grant of the tenement and all directions given to it under those terms of the tenement. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, the consolidated entity has adequate systems in place to ensure compliance with the requirements of all environmental legislation described above and are not aware of any breach of those requirements during the financial year and up to the date of the Directors' report.

Information on directors

Name: **Mr Ashley Pattison**
Title: Executive Chairman
Qualification: BBus Accounting & Business Law
Experience and expertise: Mr Pattison is a chartered accountant with experience across corporate finance, strategy and operations roles within gold and copper mines in Australia and South America. Mr Pattison holds a Bachelor of Business, majoring in Accounting and Law, from Swinburne University of Technology and completed the Institute of Chartered Accountants' program.
Mr Pattison has held several senior management positions and has extensive experience advising companies in the resource sector through his roles as the Director of Corporate Finance of Deloitte, Head of Corporate Finance of Carmichael Capital Markets Pty Ltd, Managing Director of Every Day Mine Services Ltd (ASX:EDS), Chairman of Volt Resources Ltd (ASX:VRC), Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of Minera Gold Ltd (MIZ), Founder and Director of Aurum Minerals Pty Ltd, Founder and Managing Director of Maroon Gold Pty Ltd and Non-Executive Director of Firefly Resources Ltd and Macro Metals Ltd (ASX:M4M).
Mr Pattison is currently the Director of Tristar Nominees Pty Ltd and Hornet Drilling Pty Ltd, Non-Executive Director of Firebird Metals Ltd (ASX:FRB) and Non-Executive Chair of Industrial Minerals Ltd (ASX:IND).
Other current directorships: ^ Firebird Metals Limited (ASX:FRB) (appointed 15 January 2021) Industrial Minerals Limited (ASX:IND) (appointed 23 February 2021)
Former directorships (last 3 years):* Macro Metals Limited (Resigned 6 March 2024)
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 46,930,747 fully paid ordinary shares (via related entities)

Name: **Mr Robert Jewson**
Title: Non-Executive Director
Qualification: Bsc Mining Geology & Mineral Exploration, Member of AIG
Experience and expertise: Mr Jewson is a geologist with over 20 years of experience spanning from junior mining to major exploration companies across different jurisdictions. Mr Jewson possesses wide-ranging expertise in numerous commodities in Australia and internationally, with a particular focus on iron ore, gold, uranium, coal and base metals.
Mr Jewson played a key role in exploring and discovering more than 3.5Moz of gold deposits worldwide and has provided significant technical consultation and transaction structuring for the Bellevue Gold acquisition. Mr Jewson holds a Bachelor of Science degree, majoring in Mineral Exploration & Mining Geology, from Curtin University and is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists.
Mr Jewson was previously the Non-Executive Director of Ascot Resources Ltd (ASX:AZQ), Dateline Resources Ltd (ASX:DTR), Aston Minerals Ltd (ASX:ASO) and Managing Director of European Cobalt Ltd (ASX:EUC).
Mr Jewson is currently the Managing Director of Geonomics Australia Pty Ltd, Non-Executive Director of Macro Metals Ltd (ASX:M4M), and Executive chair of Mammoth Minerals (ASX:M79).
Other current directorships: ^ Macro Metals Limited (ASX:M4M) (appointed 5 March 2024)
Mammoth Minerals Limited (ASX M79) (appointed 29 November 2024)
Former directorships (last 3 years):* Aston Minerals Limited (ASX.ASO) (Resigned 10 June 2025)
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 11,062,590 fully paid ordinary shares (via related entities)

Name: **Mr Kevin Puil**
Title: Non-executive Director
Qualification: BCom Economics, CFA
Experience and expertise: Mr Puil is a former fund manager and analyst with investment management experience in the resources sector. Mr Puil holds a degree in economics from the University of Victoria British Columbia and is a globally recognised investment professional as a Chartered Financial Analyst. Mr Puil is currently a director and chief executive officer of RIVI Capital LLC, a precious metals focused private equity fund and is a former fund manager and analyst with more than 25 years of investment experience in the resources sector. Mr Puil has held senior positions at Bolder Investment Partners (now Haywood Securities) and the Encompass Fund as a senior analyst of natural resources. Mr Puil is currently a Non-Executive Director of Dakota Gold Corp and a member of their audit committee..
Other current directorships: ^ Mammoth Minerals Limited (ASX M79) (appointed 19 August 2025)
Dakota Gold Corp (NYSE:DC)
Former directorships (last 3 years):* Lion One Metals Limited (TSXV:LIO) (resigned 9 May 2025)
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 4,249,482 fully paid ordinary shares (via related entities)

Name: **Mr John Menzies**
Title: Non-executive Director
Qualification: BCom
Experience and expertise: Mr Menzies is investment management professional with over 25 years of experience in managing assets. Mr Menzies' expertise spans across a broad spectrum, managing assets from \$50 million to \$50 billion in assets under management. As a portfolio manager, Mr Menzies emphasises macroeconomic analysis to generate comprehensive business and trading strategies and to manage risks effectively. This methodical approach has instilled in him a keen sense for the benefits of gold as an asset class, resulting in significant investments in gold and other precious metals companies. Mr Menzies was previously a Portfolio Manager of Wedbush Equity Management, where he managed a hedged-equity strategy for the bank's proprietary funds and spearheaded the development of new products. Mr Menzies was also the Founding Partner of Toroso Capital, Portfolio Manager of Hilspen Capital and Trader of Fisher Investments. Mr Menzies is currently the Managing Partner and co-founder of RIVI Capital LLC and Director of PPX Mining Corporation.
Other current directorships: ^ None
Former directorships (last 3 years):* None
Special responsibilities: None
Interests in shares: 3,462,751 fully paid ordinary shares (via related entities)

^Other current directorships' quoted above are current directorships for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

*Former directorships (last 3 years)' quoted above are directorships held in the last 3 years for listed entities only and excludes directorships of all other types of entities, unless otherwise stated.

Meetings of directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors ('the Board') held during the year ended 30 June 2025, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

	Full Board	
	Attended	Held
Mr Ashley Pattison	3	3
Mr Robert Jewson	3	3
Mr John Menzies	3	3
Mr Kevin Puil	3	3

Held: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office.

Ordinary shares

The Company had issued a total of 3,528,119 fully paid ordinary shares, comprising 1,250,393 shares issued to directors and their associates at \$0.90 per share on 31 March 2025, and 2,277,726 shares issued under the pre-IPO funding round at \$1.10 per share.

Share Split

Following the completion of the pre-IPO raise, the Company had 33,931,224 Shares on issue. At the Company's annual general meeting held on 6 June 2025, shareholders approved a share split (Share Split) on the basis that every one (1) Share on issue be subdivided into five and a half (5.5) Shares. As a result of the Share Split, the total number of Shares on issue increased to 186,621,750.

Shares under option

There are no ordinary shares of PC Gold Ltd under option at the date of this report.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares of PC Gold Ltd issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2025 (2024: nil).

Indemnity and insurance of officers

The Company has indemnified the directors and executives of the Company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the Company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings.

Non-audit services

There were no non-audit services provided during the financial year by the auditor.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

Auditor

William Buck continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



Ashley Pattison
Executive Chairman
19 September 2025

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of PC Gold Ltd

As lead auditor for the audit of PC Gold Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of PC Gold Ltd and the entities it controlled during the year.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd

ABN 59 119 151 136

A. A. Finnis

A. A. Finnis

Director

Melbourne, 19 September 2025

PC Gold Ltd
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2025

		Consolidated	
	Note	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Revenue			
Other income	19	63,938	7,748
Expenses			
Administrative and corporate expenses		(382,762)	(142,968)
Employee benefits		(191,048)	(115,000)
Depreciation		(76,063)	(96,138)
Unrealised gain / loss on foreign currency translation		<u>(77,790)</u>	<u>8,013</u>
Loss before finance costs and income tax expense		(663,725)	(338,345)
Interest expense		<u>(272,559)</u>	<u>(256,012)</u>
Loss before income tax expense		(936,284)	(594,357)
Income tax expenses		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss after income tax expense for the year attributable to the owners of PC Gold Ltd		(936,284)	(594,357)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the owners of PC Gold Ltd		<u><u>(936,284)</u></u>	<u><u>(594,357)</u></u>
		Cents	Cents
Basic loss per share	20	(0.55)	(0.36)*
Diluted loss per share	20	(0.55)	(0.36)*

*The loss per share for the financial year 2024 has been retrospectively adjusted due to a share split

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

PC Gold Ltd
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2025

		Consolidated	
	Note	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,408,127	6,559
Prepayments		43,281	47,856
Trade and other receivables		107,164	54,084
Total current assets		<u>1,558,572</u>	<u>108,499</u>
Non-current assets			
Exploration and evaluation	6	16,502,933	15,625,960
Right of use assets		58,919	94,270
Plant and equipment		3,753	44,464
Total non-current assets		<u>16,565,605</u>	<u>15,764,694</u>
Total assets		<u>18,124,177</u>	<u>15,873,193</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	757,740	514,487
Financial liabilities	8	7,389,729	2,756,810
Lease liabilities		38,611	36,008
Total current liabilities		<u>8,186,080</u>	<u>3,307,305</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	10	-	5,070,528
Lease liabilities		27,279	65,890
Total non-current liabilities		<u>27,279</u>	<u>5,136,418</u>
Total liabilities		<u>8,213,359</u>	<u>8,443,723</u>
Net assets		<u>9,910,818</u>	<u>7,429,470</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	11	12,875,933	9,458,301
Accumulated Loss		<u>(2,965,115)</u>	<u>(2,028,831)</u>
Total equity		<u>9,910,818</u>	<u>7,429,470</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

PC Gold Ltd
Statement of changes in equity
As at 30 June 2025

Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2023	9,282,834	(1,434,474)	7,848,360
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	(594,357)	(594,357)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(594,357)	(594,357)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners</i>			
Issue of shares to directors and associate	175,467	-	175,467
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,458,301	(2,028,831)	7,429,470
Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2024	9,458,301	(2,028,831)	7,429,470
Loss after income tax expense for the year	-	(936,284)	(936,284)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(936,284)	(936,284)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners</i>			
Issue of shares to directors and associate	1,125,354	-	1,125,354
Issue of shares - Pre-IPO Tranche 1	2,310,249	-	2,310,249
Issue of shares - Pre-IPO Tranche 2	195,250	-	195,250
Capital raising cost	(213,221)	-	(213,221)
Balance at 30 June 2025	12,875,933	(2,965,115)	9,910,818

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

PC Gold Ltd
Statement of cash flow
For the year ended 30 June 2025

		Consolidated	
	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Other Income		7,437	2,500
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		<u>(219,932)</u>	<u>(165,512)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	18	<u>(212,495)</u>	<u>(163,012)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from disposal plant & equipment		56,501	18,000
Payment for plant & equipment		-	(6,148)
Payments for exploration and evaluation		<u>(599,105)</u>	<u>(428,675)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(542,604)</u>	<u>(416,823)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from capital raising		1,963,099	175,467
Cost of capital raising		(114,939)	-
Proceeds from director's loan		390,857	500,996
Interest of Convertible Notes		(40,350)	(55,686)
Payment of principal portion of lease liability		(36,008)	(33,581)
Interest on leases		<u>(5,992)</u>	<u>(8,419)</u>
Net cash from financing activities		<u>2,156,667</u>	<u>578,777</u>
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,401,568	(1,058)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		6,559	7,617
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		1,408,127	6,559

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Note 1. General information

The financial statements cover PC Gold Ltd as a consolidated entity consisting of PC Gold Ltd and the entity it controlled at the end of, or during the year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is PC Gold Ltd and its subsidiary's functional and presentation currency.

PC Gold Ltd is a public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

PC Gold Ltd
Unit 38, Level 1
460 Stirling Highway
Peppermint Grove WA 6011

The Company is a for profit entity.

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 19 September 2025. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current and prior reporting periods.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Company for the reporting period ended 30 June 2025.

Basis of preparation

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention applying the going concern basis of accounting.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the consolidated entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditure in relation to separate areas of interest for which rights of tenure are current is carried forward as an asset in the statement of financial position where it is expected that the expenditure will be recovered through the successful development and exploitation of an area of interest, or by its sale; or exploration activities are continuing in an area and activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable estimate of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. Where a project or an area of interest has been abandoned, the expenditure incurred thereon is written off in the year in which the decision is made.

Parent entity information

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the consolidated entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in note 15.

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of PC Gold Ltd ('Company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2025 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. PC Gold Ltd and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'consolidated entity'.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the consolidated entity has control. The consolidated entity controls an entity when the consolidated entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the consolidated entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

Operating segments

Operating segments are presented using the 'management approach', where the information presented is on the same basis as the internal reports provided to the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM'). The CODM is responsible for the allocation of resources to operating segments and assessing their performance.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is PC Gold Ltd's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at financial year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Revenue

The consolidated entity recognises revenue as follows:

Other revenue: Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established. Other revenue is inclusive of equipment leasing income.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Investments and non-financial assets

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the consolidated entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value measurement

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Earnings/(Loss) per share

Basic earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of PC Gold Ltd, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the financial year.

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings/(loss) per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and equipment are measured at cost less depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the consolidated entity expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The consolidated entity has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Convertible notes

The component of the convertible notes that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs.

On the issue of the convertible notes the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond and this amount is carried as a non-current liability on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The increase in the liability due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. The remainder of the proceeds are allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders equity as a convertible note reserve, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in the subsequent years. The corresponding interest on convertible notes is expensed to profit or loss.

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the consolidated entity's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Note 3. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Recovery of royalties

Royalties are not recognised in the financial results of the consolidated entity until such time as future probable income is identified and the relevant amount of royalties receivable are known. Given that the consolidated entity has yet to commence any mining operations, this amount cannot be reliably measured.

Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs have been capitalised on the basis that the consolidated entity will commence commercial production in the future, from which time the costs will be amortised in proportion to the depletion of the mineral resources. Key judgements are applied in considering costs to be capitalised which includes determining expenditures directly related to these activities and allocating overheads between those that are expensed and capitalised. In addition, costs are only capitalised that are expected to be recovered either through successful development or sale of the relevant mining interest. Factors that could impact the future commercial production at the mine include the level of reserves and resources, future technology changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes and changes in commodity prices. To the extent that capitalised costs are determined not to be recoverable in the future, they will be written off in the period in which this determination is made.

During the financial year, the consolidated entity did not recognise any impairment of exploration and evaluation assets following a review of the recoverable amount in future periods.

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets

The consolidated entity assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the consolidated entity and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Income tax

The consolidated entity is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The consolidated entity recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the consolidated entity's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the consolidated entity considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Note 4. Operating segments

Identification of reportable operating segments

The consolidated entity has one reportable operating segment being the exploration and development of Spring Hill Gold Project. The internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (who are identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and in determining allocation of resources are prepared on the consolidated entity as one segment.

Note 5. Income tax expense

Tax losses have not been brought to account as utilisation of these losses is not probable. Income tax losses can only be recovered by the Company deriving future assessable income, conditions for deductibility imposed by law being complied with and no charged in tax legislation adversely affecting the realisation of the benefit from the deductions. Therefore, carry forward losses may not be available to offset future assessable income.

As at 30 June 2025 the consolidated entity had accumulated loss of \$2,965,115, (2024: \$2,018,829), as set out in the statement of financial position that may be applied in its calculation of carry-forward tax losses that may be potentially be offset against future assessable income.

Note 6. Non-current assets - exploration and evaluation

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation – Spring Hill	<u>16,502,933</u>	<u>15,625,960</u>

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Spring Hill Gold Project

Consolidated	Total
	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	15,625,960
Expenditure during the year	<u>876,973</u>
Balance at 30 June 2025	<u>16,502,933</u>

Note 7. Current liabilities - trade and other payables

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Trade payables	583,057	501,495
Accrued Expenses	103,510	(13,500)
Insurance loan	13,155	15,998
PAYG withholdings payable	35,485	-
Superannuation payable	12,972	10,494
Annual Leave Provision	<u>9,561</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>757,740</u>	<u>514,487</u>

Note 8. Borrowings

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Directors loan*	-	734,496
Convertible Notes	2,812,002	2,022,314
RIVI – Deferred Consideration Payment	<u>4,577,727</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>7,389,729</u>	<u>2,756,810</u>

*Refer to note 14 for further information on Directors loan.

PC Gold Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2025

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below:

Borrowings	Consolidated Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2024	2,756,810
Proceeds loan from directors	390,857
Conversion of Director's Loan to shares	(1,125,353)
Capitalised Convertible Notes interest	219,097
Convertible Notes maturing 31/12/2025 reclassified to current liability	570,591
RIVI – Deferred Consideration Payment reclassified to current liability	4,577,727
Balance at 30 June 2025	<u>7,389,729</u>

Director's loan

The loans from Directors were unsecured, interest-free, and had no fixed repayment date.

Convertible Notes

During the 2023 financial year, the Company completed a "Pre-IPO Convertible Notes" offering to sophisticated existing and new investors, raising a total of \$2,269,250 in two tranches: Tranche 1 of \$1,754,000 and Tranche 2 of \$515,250.

The key terms of the Convertible Notes are as below:

- Interest rate – 10% per annum, paid in arrears;
- Tranche 1 matures on 31 December 2023, with a conversion price of \$1.10 into ordinary shares or 105% of face value if redeemed in cash;
- Tranche 2 matures on 31 December 2025, with the same conversion and redemption terms as Tranche 1; and
- Mandatory conversion on IPO at the lower of \$1.10 or 80% of the agreed IPO price.

As Tranche 2 matures on 31 December 2025, it has been reclassified as a current liability.

Deferred Consideration Payment

On 25 September 2020, the company entered into a binding letter with RIVI to terminate the Gold Purchase Agreement entered into on 15 February 2016 and converted it into a Net Smelter Royalty Agreement. The company and RIVI executed the agreement on 4 February 2021, where 7,045,000 fully paid ordinary shares of PC Gold were transferred to Rivi at a price of \$0.70 per share, with a remaining \$3,000,000 USD of deferred consideration payable on the completion of one of the following events:

- i) The completion of an initial public offering and quotation of the fully paid ordinary shares of PC Gold, TM Gold or another entity that is or becomes a related entity of PC Gold on a recognised securities exchange under a prospectus or similar offer document ("Initial Public Offering"); or
- ii) The completion of a Change in Control Transaction involving the sale of 50% or more of the fully paid ordinary shares of PC Gold or TM Gold, with the entry by PC Gold or TM Gold into the Change of Control Transaction being subject to the prior written consent of RIVI with such consent to not be unreasonably withheld, provided that the parties acknowledge it will not be unreasonable for RIVI to withhold its consent where PC Gold or TM gold, as applicable, is not able to procure to the reasonable satisfaction of RIVI (which may include the execution of a deed of covenant in favour of RIVI) that the proposed acquirer under a Change of Control Transaction will comply in all respects with the terms of the Deed of Settlement and Release with RIVI dated 4 February 2021 and the Net Smelter Return Royalty Agreement); or
- iii) Production of 5,000 ounces or more of gold from the Spring Hill Concessions.

As at 30 June 2024, the consolidated entity had the right to defer settlement, and the deferred consideration was therefore classified as a non-current liability.

On 30 July 2025, the Company signed a Settlement of Deferred Consideration agreement with RIVI PC Gold LLC, under which RIVI has agreed to convert its debt into shares as part of the Company's IPO. This conversion is expected to be completed on the IPO date, with an estimated IPO date of 7 October 2025, and, as a result, the deferred consideration has been reclassified as a current liability.

Note 9. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives

The consolidated entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks with the only significant risk it is exposed to being liquidity risk. The consolidated entity's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the consolidated entity.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors ('the Board') who are responsible for monitoring and managing financial risk exposures.

Credit risk

The consolidated entity has adopted a lifetime expected loss allowance in estimating expected credit losses to trade receivables through the use of a provisions matrix using fixed rates of credit loss provisioning. These provisions are considered representative across all customers of the consolidated entity based on recent sales experience, historical collection rates and forward-looking information that is available

Liquidity risk

Vigilant liquidity risk management requires the consolidated entity to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents).

The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and managing repayments of Deferred Consideration Payment to RIVI by continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Remaining contractual maturities

The following tables detail the consolidated entity's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Consolidated - 2024						
Non-derivatives						
Trade and other payables	-	498,489	-	-	-	498,489
Insurance loan	15%	15,998	-	-	-	15,998
Directors loan	-	734,496	-	-	-	734,496
Convertible Note	10%	2,022,314	570,591	-	-	2,592,905
Lease liabilities	-	36,008	38,611	27,279	-	101,898
RIVI – Deferred Consideration Payment	-	-	4,499,937*	-	-	4,499,937
Total non-derivatives		3,307,305	5,109,139	27,279	-	8,443,723

*The deferred consideration is expected to be issued in shares and is contingent upon the IPO.

PC Gold Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2025

Consolidated - 2025	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Non-derivatives						
Trade and other payables	-	744,585	-	-	-	744,585
Insurance loan	15%	13,155	-	-	-	13,155
Convertible Note	10%	2,812,002	-	-	-	2,812,002
Lease liabilities	-	38,611	27,279	-	-	65,890
RIVI – Deferred Consideration Payment	-	4,577,727*	-	-	-	4,577,727
Total non-derivatives		8,186,080	27,279	-	-	8,213,359

*The deferred consideration is expected to be issued in shares and is contingent upon the IPO.

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

Fair value of financial instruments

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the consolidated group is exposed to through its financial instruments are foreign currency risk and liquidity risk.

Foreign currency risk

The consolidated group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from USD currency bank account and Deferred Consideration Payment to Rivi Group.

These are subject to fluctuations in exchange rate between Australian dollar and US dollar. Relevant consensus currency rate forecasts are continuously reviewed and analysed by management and appropriate measures are put in place where necessary to protect the group's cash from significant fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

The following foreign currency amounts are recognised on the balance sheet:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	3
Financial liabilities		
Deferred Consideration Payment	4,577,727	4,499,937

Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the consolidated group's exposures to changes in exchange rate. The table indicates the impact on how profit and asset values reported as at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in exchange rate risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Foreign currency risk		
Increase in AUD to USD by 10%	457,772	449,994
Decrease in AUD to USD by 10%	(457,772)	(449,994)

Note 10. Non-current liabilities - Financial liabilities

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Deferred Consideration Payment	-	4,499,937
Convertible Notes	-	570,591
Total	-	5,070,528

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current half-financial year are set out below:

Non-current liabilities - Financial liabilities	Consolidated Total
	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	5,070,528
RIVI – Deferred Consideration Payment reclassified to current liability	(4,577,727)
Deferred Consideration Payment - difference on foreign currency translation	77,790
Convertible Notes maturing 31/12/2025 reclassified to current liability	(570,591)
Balance at 30 June 2025	-

Note 11. Equity - issued capital

	Consolidated			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	Shares	Shares	\$	\$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	186,621,750	30,403,105	12,875,933	9,458,301

Details	Date	Shares	Issue price	\$
Balance	01/07/2024	30,403,105		9,458,301
Issue of shares to directors and associate	31/03/2025	1,250,393	0.90	1,125,354
Issue of shares - Pre-IPO Tranche 1	01/05/2025	2,100,226	1.10	2,310,249
Issue of shares - Pre-IPO Tranche 2	06/05/2025	177,500	1.10	195,250
Capital raising cost				(213,221)
Balance after Pre-IPO		33,931,224		12,875,933
Balance after share split (1:5.5)	30/06/2025	186,621,750		12,875,933

Share Split

Following the completion of the pre-IPO raise, the Company had 33,931,224 Shares on issue. At the Company's annual general meeting held on 6 June 2025, shareholders approved a share split (Share Split) on the basis that every one (1) Share on issue be subdivided into five and a half (5.5) Shares. As a result of the Share Split, the total number of Shares on issue increased to 186,621,750.

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

Capital risk management

PC Gold Ltd
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30 June 2025

The consolidated entity's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimum capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. For the year ended 30 June 2025 this was focused on attracting sufficient funds, in order to fund appropriate levels of working capital necessary for ongoing operations. The consolidated entity has no restriction on the amount of capital to be raised.

Capital is regarded as total equity, as recognised in the statement of financial position, plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Note 12. Key management personnel disclosures

Directors

The following persons were directors of PC Gold Ltd during the financial year:

Mr Ashley Pattison	Executive Chairman
Mr Robert Jewson	Non-executive Director
Mr Kevin Puil	Non-executive Director
Mr John Menzies	Non-executive Director

Compensation

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	180,000	115,000
	<u>180,000</u>	<u>115,000</u>

Note 13. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by William Buck, the auditor of the Company:

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<i>Audit services - William Buck</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	35,000	20,500
	<u>35,000</u>	<u>20,500</u>

Note 14. Related party transactions

Parent entity

PC Gold Ltd is the parent entity.

Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 16.

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 12.

Other transactions with related parties of key management personnel

The Company signed an office sub-lease with Morpheus Holdings Pty Ltd where Mr Robert Jewson and Mr Ashley Pattison are shareholders. Rent is charged on commercial terms. Morpheus Holdings Pty Ltd was also paid consulting fees on commercial terms to introduce new investors to the Company. There were no other transactions with related parties of key management personnel.

Receivable from and payable to related parties

As at 30 June 2025, the Company has two months' rent (\$7,000 GST inclusive) outstanding payable to Morpheus Holdings Pty Ltd. There were no other trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

PC Gold Ltd
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2025

Loans to/from related parties

During the 2025 Financial Year, the Company had received an additional \$390,857 in loans from Directors and related parties. The loans were unsecured, interest-free, and had no fixed repayment date. The loans were converted in full on 31 March 2025 into shares. Details of the loans are set out below:

	Balance at 1 July 2024	Additions	Conversion to shares	Balance at 30 June 2025
Directors / Related parties				
Ashley Pattison	527,376	287,857	(815,233)	-
Roger Jackson	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Robert Jewson	142,500	-	(142,500)	-
Kevin Puil and Associate	34,620	73,000	(107,620)	-
Wei Li	30,000	20,000	(50,000)	-
	<u>734,496</u>	<u>390,857</u>	<u>(1,125,353)</u>	<u>-</u>

Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

Note 15. Parent entity information

Set out below is the supplementary information about the parent entity.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Parent	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Loss after income tax	(936,284)	(594,357)
Total comprehensive loss	(936,284)	(594,357)

Statement of financial position

	Parent	
	2024	2024
	\$	\$
Total current assets	1,558,887	108,464
Total assets	17,310,623	15,134,159
Total current liabilities	8,111,560	3,307,305
Total liabilities	8,138,839	8,443,723
Equity		
Issued capital	12,875,933	9,458,301
Accumulated loss	(3,704,149)	(2,767,865)
Total equity	<u>9,171,784</u>	<u>6,690,436</u>

Guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries

The parent entity had no guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil).

Contingent liabilities

The parent entity had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the consolidated entity, as disclosed in note 2, except for the following:

- Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.
- Dividends received from subsidiaries are recognised as other income by the parent entity and its receipt may be an indicator of an impairment of the investment.

Note 16. Interests in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiary in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		2025 %	2024 %
TM Gold Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100

Note 17. Events after the reporting period

The Company signed a Settlement of Deferred Consideration agreement with RIVI PC Gold LLC dated 30 July 2025, under which RIVI has agreed to convert its US\$3,000,000 (A\$4,600,000) debt into 18,400,000 shares as part of the Company's IPO. This conversion will constitute full and final satisfaction of the RIVI Deferred Consideration.

In April 2025, the Company commenced preparations for an IPO. The Company has lodged a prospectus dated 13 August 2025 and a supplementary prospectus dated 10 September 2025 with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) in relation to the offering of:

- a minimum of 40,000,000 Shares and a maximum of 60,000,000 Shares at a price of \$0.25 per Share to raise a minimum of \$10,000,000 (before costs) and a maximum of \$15,000,000 (before costs);
- 13,909,210 Shares to the Noteholders on the conversion of the Convertible Notes;
- 18,400,000 Shares to RIVI PC Gold LLC (or its nominee); and
- 7,000,000 Performance Rights to Eligible Employees.

The IPO has been successfully completed raising \$13.35M in new proceeds. The Company submitted an application for admission to the ASX Official List under the ASX code PC2 on 15 August 2025. The anticipated commencement date of trading, as stated in the prospectus, is 7 October 2025, subject to ASX approval and the satisfaction of all conditions precedent.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 18. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash used in operating activities

	Consolidated	
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Loss after income tax expense for the year	(936,284)	(594,357)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	76,063	96,138
Interest	272,559	256,012
Unrealised FX gain / loss	77,790	(8,013)
Non-cash items	177,150	(94,210)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in trade and other receivables	(48,506)	(49,323)
Increase in trade and other payables	168,733	230,741
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(212,495)</u>	<u>(163,012)</u>

Note 19. Other income

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Disposal of asset	56,501	5,248
Services provided	1,500	2,500
Fuel tax credit	5,937	-
Total	<u>63,938</u>	<u>7,748</u>

Note 20. Loss per share

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of PC Gold Ltd	<u>(936,284)</u>	<u>(594,357)</u>
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>171,030,778</u>	<u>166,147,713*</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>171,030,778</u>	<u>166,147,713*</u>
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	(0.55)	(0.36)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share	(0.55)	(0.36)

**The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the financial year 2024 has been adjusted retrospectively due to a share split.*

Note 21. Commitments

	Consolidated	
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:		
Exploration commitments	<u>45,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>
Total	<u>45,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>

PC Gold Ltd
Consolidated entity disclosure statement
30 June 2025

PC Gold Ltd
Consolidated entity disclosure statement
As at 30 June 2025

Entity name	Entity type	Place formed / Country of incorporation	Ownership interest %	Tax residency
PC Gold Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	n/a	Australia
TM Gold Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100.00%	Australia

Basis of preparation

The consolidated entity disclosure statement (CEDS) has been prepared in accordance with subsection 295(3A)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001. The entities listed in the statement are PC Gold Ltd and the entity it controls in accordance with AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements.

PC Gold Ltd
Directors' declaration
30 June 2025

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 2 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- the information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



Ashley Pattison
Executive Chairman

19 September 2025

Independent auditor's report to the members of PC Gold Ltd

Report on the audit of the financial report



Our opinion on the financial report

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of PC Gold Ltd (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What was audited?

We have audited the financial report of the Group, which comprises:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025,
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended,
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended,
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended,
- notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information,
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement, and
- the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free of misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar3.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd
ABN 59 119 151 136

A. A. Finnis

A. A. Finnis
Director
Melbourne, 19 September 2025